ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER 22-1

SUPERIOR COURT PROCEEDINGS

BEGINNING JUNE 1, 2022

NOW COMES the undersigned Senior Resident Superior Court Judge and enters this Administrative Order concerning Superior Court operations beginning June 1, 2022.

WHEREAS, the Chief Justice of the North Carolina Supreme Court has advised all Judicial Officials to resume full courthouse operations and administer justice without further delay as mandated by North Carolina Constitution

WHEREAS, the Superior Courts in the 24th Judicial District resumed full courthouse operations in June of 2021;

WHEREAS, many of the operation procedures adopted by the undersigned during the Covid pandemic have proven useful in the proper and prompt administration of justice while protecting courthouse personnel and the public;

WHEREAS, the Administrative Office of the Courts has requested that backlog in each Judicial District be handled expeditiously so that citizens are granted prompt access to justice.

WHEREAS, the undersigned has broad inherent authority to see that the superior courts in the 24th Judicial District are run efficiently and properly for the proper administration of justice.

NOW THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED ADJUDGED AND DECREED:

- 1. That Administrative Order 21-2 is hereby revoked and terminated and superseded by this Administrative Order.
- 2. Any person desiring to wear a mask or face covering due to health concerns shall be allowed to wear a mask and face covering while in the courthouse or courtroom. Provided, however, witnesses shall be required to remove their mask while testifying.
- 3. Nothing herein shall be deemed to negate any existing directives of the Chief Justice or any directives that may be entered after the effective date of this administrative order. If any of the provisions of this order shall be in conflict therewith, the directives of the Chief Justice shall control.
- 4. A copy of this Administrative Order shall be posted on each county's page at https://www.nccourts.gov.

CRIMINAL COURT PROCEEDINGS BEGINNING JUNE 1, 2022

- 1. Superior Court Judges shall make use of remote hearing technology to the greatest extent possible to limit unnecessary in-person appearances. These hearings shall be conducted in accordance with any existing in accordance with law and in accordance with any Remote Hearing Administrative Order that may be subsequently adopted. However, a criminal defendant has a right to be present and a constitutional right to confront witnesses during any material portion of the criminal proceeding. When a criminal defendant's right to confront witnesses or be present is implicated, G.S. § 7A-49.6(e) provides that the court must obtain a knowing, intelligent, and voluntary waiver of the applicable right(s) in order to conduct a Remote Hearing unless otherwise specifically permitted by law.
- 2. The setting of cases for in-person disposition (pleas, probation hearings, rejection of plea offers that need to be placed on the record and essential motions) shall be scheduled in time slots to avoid the unnecessary over-crowding of the courtroom. If an attorney has multiple clients, the time period shall be of such length as can reasonably be determined to allow the attorney enough time to complete his matters.
- 3. Probation matters shall be scheduled for hearing in accordance with paragraph 2 above on a specific day of any administrative or trial term so that probation officers are not required to clear their calendar for the week.
- 4. As provided in paragraph 2 above, attorneys will be given time slots and shall be responsible for advising their clients, witnesses and any spectators associated with the case of the time period that the matter is to be heard.
- 5. The number of custody defendants will be scheduled to comply with transportation issues and holding cell limitations. Where custody defendants appear pursuant to a writ and the accompanied officers have been ordered or requested to wait on the disposition of the matter, every effort shall be made in the scheduling of these matters to avoid an unnecessary delay in the calling of the matter for hearing or disposition.
- 6. The district attorney's office will forward any plea offers to attorneys on or before 10 days prior to the term of court that the matter appears on. Defense counsel shall notify the State of the acceptance or rejection of the plea offer by Tuesday at 5:00 p.m. of the week preceding the term of court and shall submit via email executed paperwork of all accepted plea offers to the district attorney's office, the clerk's office, and the presiding judge by Wednesday at 5:00 p.m. of the week preceding the term of court that the matter appears on. This paperwork shall include but not be limited to: the transcript of plea, the prior record level worksheet, any informations involved in the plea, any proposed conditional discharge paperwork, jail credit certifications and any other relevant information that the court may need relative to the plea.
- 7. There **shall not** be a formal calendar call at any Criminal or Criminal Administrative term of Superior Court whereby all matters appearing on the calendar are called. If by agreement between the district attorney's office and defense counsel, matters are to be continued then defense counsel shall no later than Wednesday at 5:00 p.m. of the week preceding the term of court email to the presiding judge and the clerk, a signed consent scheduling order reflecting the new court date agreed upon. The consent

scheduling order form for pending charges is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and the consent scheduling order for probation matters is attached hereto as Exhibit "B". Unless counsel is notified by the presiding judge or the district attorney, the attorney's client will not need to appear in court for the continuance of a matter when there is an executed consent scheduling order. If all the attorney's cases are being continued by consent, the attorney will not be required to appear in court unless notified by the presiding judge.

- 8. The court date and scheduled time slot is not the time to negotiate nor is it the time to meet with the client to review documents or prepare for hearing. All negotiations and hearing preparations must take place in advance of the court date. However, if for some unforeseen reason, counsel must confer with opposing counsel, the defendant or the court, the court in its discretion may allow time for the same.
- 9. Failure of an attorney to comply with the provisions of paragraphs 6, 7 and 8 above shall result in the loss of the attorney's time slot and the attorney will need to reschedule the matter with the District Attorney's office. The order of continuance shall indicate that the reason for the continuance was the failure of counsel to comply with this administrative order and a copy of the order shall be provided to the defendant. In addition, continued failure to abide by the time restrictions for submission of documents or preparation for hearing will result in the assigned attorney being removed from a case or cases and subject the attorney to being removed from the court appointed lists for superior court in the district.
- 10. Pursuant to the undersigned's Administrative Order of 14 September 2017, it is the responsibility of counsel for the defendant as an integral part of his or her legal representation, to advise and certify to the court all pre-trial confinement credit that is due a defendant at the time of sentencing and at all probation violation hearings. This is not the responsibility of the Clerk or the Bailiff. Counsel for the defendant shall be prepared, as a result of counsel's thorough investigation of the court record and jail records, to present to the court a Certification of Pre-trial Credit form attached hereto as Exhibit "C" setting out all pre-trial credit to which the defendant is entitled. Only completion of the Certification form shall constitute compliance with this provision.
- 11. Continued Representation on Conditional Discharges, Deferral Agreements and Probation Violations. The terms and conditions of this court's Administrative Order of 14 March 2019 attached hereto as Exhibit "D", are incorporated herein by reference as if fully set out.
- 12. In order to maximize available time for trials, Grand Jury proceedings shall be conducted on the morning of the first day of civil priority terms.
- 13. **CRIMINAL BACK UP CALENDARS.** In an effort to deal with the current criminal case backlog, criminal back up calendars shall be prepared by the district attorney's office for each civil priority term when staffing of the District Attorney's office and the Clerk's office allows and only for so long as a backlog exists. The scheduling of criminal matters on civil priority terms shall be coordinated with the Superior Court Trial Coordinator in conjunction with the Clerk of Court and the presiding judge.
- 14. Provided the defendant is represented by counsel, misdemeanor appeals shall not be entitled to an administrative setting. *Pro se* defendant's or unrepresented defendants shall receive one administrative setting for the purpose of addressing counsel issues. In the case of represented

defendants and defendants who have elected to proceed *pro se*, misdemeanor appeals shall be placed on the next Civil/ Criminal priority mixed session of Superior Court following the notice of appeal, and shall thereafter appear on each mixed session until tried or otherwise disposed of. In an effort to timely dispose of misdemeanor appeals, it is the intent to make use of each and every mixed session of Superior Court for the trial of these cases, taking into consideration the provisions of paragraph 13 above.

- 15. With the exception of homicide cases, sexual assault cases and other extraordinary cases, felony cases may be calendared for only for two administrative settings. Thereafter the matter shall be placed on a trial calendar and continued from trial term to trial term until it is tried or disposed of.
- 16. For Watauga County, at least once every other month, in intervals of no greater than nine weeks, the Senior Resident Superior Court Judge shall attempt to schedule a criminal session primarily devoted to administration of the criminal case load and the hearing of Probation Violations or other non-jury matters. For Avery, Mitchell, Yancey and Madison Counties, at least every three months, in intervals of no greater than 12 weeks the Senior Resident Superior Court Judge shall attempt to schedule a criminal session primarily devoted to administration of the criminal case load and the hearing of Probation Violations or other non-jury matters. These sessions shall be known as the "Case Management/Administrative Session (CMAS)." All remaining criminal sessions, not deemed as "Case Management/Administrative Session," will be reserved, to the fullest extent reasonably possible, for the trial of cases. Unless prevented by circumstances created by the rotation of Superior Court Judges or illness or vacation, each Case Management/Administrative Session shall be held before the Senior Resident Superior Court Judge
- 17. Once a matter has been placed upon a trial calendar, continuances will not be granted, even if all parties agree, unless for a crucial cause that could not have been reasonably foreseen, and/or the fair administration of justice requires a continuance, or the term expired before the matter could be reached.
- 18. All motions for continuances of trial matters must be in writing, filed and delivered to the Office of the Senior Resident Superior Court Judge and opposing counsel not later than noon on Wednesday preceding the session in which the trial is calendared. Oral motions or motions filed out of time must show good cause for the failure to file the same in writing and in a timely motion, or they will be summarily denied.

Every continuance motion, whether initiated by the State or the defendant, must state the following:

- (a) the age of the case;
- (b) whether the defendant is incarcerated;
- (c) whether the defendant has co-defendants and the names of any co-defendants;
- (d) the number of times the case has previously appeared on a trial calendar;
- (e) whether opposing counsel has been consulted regarding the continuance;
- (f) whether opposing counsel consents to the continuance; and
- (g) the moving party's proposed date for trial if the case is continued.

- 19. Opposition to the motion to continue shall be in writing and delivered to the Office of the Senior Resident Superior Court Judge and opposing counsel not later than noon on the Thursday preceding the session in which the trial is calendared. Any hearing thereon shall be conducted remotely if possible and in accordance with law or shall be heard by the presiding judge pursuant to paragraph 20
- 20. The Senior Resident Superior Court Judge will issue a ruling on the motion after consideration of the reason for the continuance request, the age of the case, the pre-trial detention status of the defendant, the interest of justice, and the number and type of other trial matters present on the trial calendar for the session. In the event the Senior Resident Superior Court Judge is unavailable, a judge designated by the Senior Resident Superior Court Judge may rule on continuance motions. Oral motions or motions filed out of time which are not summarily denied by the Senior Resident or his/her designee, or contested motions not heard remotely, will be ruled upon by the presiding judge in consideration of the reason for the continuance request, the age of the case, the pre-trial detention status of the defendant, the interest of justice, and the number and type of other trial matters present on the trial calendar for the session
- 21. No case shall be continued from a trial date without setting a trial date certain except in a case of extreme or unusual circumstance.
- 22. Motions filed seeking appropriate relief that are entitled to hearing shall be heard during CMAS sessions. In the event the motion is to be heard on its merits, the judge will establish the hearing date and cause all parties to be given notice.
- 23. Nothing contained herein shall be used in such a way as to deprive any defendant of any right provided by law.

CIVIL COURT PROCEEDINGS BEGINNING JUNE 1, 2022

- 1. Superior Court Judges shall make use of remote hearing technology to the greatest extent possible to limit unnecessary in-person appearances. These hearings shall be conducted in accordance with law and in accordance with any Remote Hearing Administrative Order that may be subsequently adopted.
- 2. Upon making an appearance in a case, the attorney is responsible for ensuring the Trial Court Coordinator, the Clerk, and opposing counsel have all contact information for the attorney, including email, phone, facsimile, and mailing address. Communication from the Trial Court Coordinator shall be via email, unless the attorney notifies the Trial Court Coordinator that another method is necessary. Attorneys are under a continuing obligation, to keep the Trial Court Coordinator, Clerk and opposing counsel informed of all contact information, including a current email address.
- 3. There **shall not** be a formal calendar call at any Civil or Civil Administrative term of Superior Court. At administrative terms where matters are on for scheduling orders, counsel will not need to appear provided that they have submitted the appropriate scheduling order no later than Wednesday at 5:00 p.m. preceding the scheduled term in Avery, Mitchell, Yancey and Madison Counties and no later than Monday at 5:00 p.m. of the week of the scheduled term in Watauga. At Administrative terms where orders are due, counsel will not need to appear provided that they have submitted the appropriate order no later than Wednesday at 5:00 p.m. preceding the scheduled term in Avery,

Mitchell, Yancey, and Madison Counties and no later than Monday at 5:00 p.m. of the week of the scheduled term in Watauga County.

- 4. The setting of matters for in-person hearings, upon proper notice, shall be scheduled by the Trial Court Coordinator in consultation with the presiding judge. Hearings shall be scheduled at time intervals so as to minimize waiting periods for attorneys and to avoid the unnecessary over-crowding of the courtroom. To have motions heard counsel must contact the Trial Court Administration Office by telephone or email to secure a hearing date and set the motion on a calendar for hearing. Requesting party shall provide the following 1) the case file number, 2) type of motion to be heard, 3) the estimated length of time needed for the motion to be heard, and 4) the date and time of the motions session requested. Motions may not be calendared for Administrative Sessions in Watauga County unless approved by the Senior Resident Superior Court Judge.
- 5. Copies of all motions, briefs, documents and exhibits (labeled in advance) shall be forwarded by email to opposing counsel, the clerk, the court reporter and the presiding judge no later than noon on the Wednesday prior to the beginning of the Civil term. Nothing herein shall be interpreted to shorten the time limits or amend the requirements imposed by the North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure for proper notice and service.
- 6. Continuances of any and all civil matters shall be subject to the Continuance Policy set forth in Administrative Order 22-2 which is incorporated herein by reference as if fully set out. In short, counsel is advised that in cases over 18 months old where a trial has been agreed upon in a filed case management plan, continuances will not be granted except in the most extenuating of circumstances. In addition, counsel should be aware of the limited number of court sessions in several counties in the 24th Judicial District. It shall be the responsibility of the attorneys to be aware of these sessions and plan for all dispositive and pre-trial (where possible) motions to be heard in advance of trial sessions. The failure to notice a dispositive motion in advance of the trial date will not be grounds for the continuation of the trial. In addition, failure to mediate the matter in accordance with the filed case management plan will not be grounds for a continuance.
- 6. In all bench and jury trials, counsel shall submit to the presiding judge no later than 5:00 p.m. on the Wednesday preceding the scheduled trial week a Pre-Trial order in a as set forth on Exhibit "E" hereto.
- 7. Except as may specifically be amended herein, counsel shall abide by the terms and provisions of the Civil Case Management Plan for the 24th Judicial District, which is incorporated herein by reference as if fully set out.

This the 26th day of May 2022.

Honorable Gary M. Gavenus

Senior Resident Superior Court Judge

Twenty-fourth Judicial District

Exhibit A

STATE OF NO	RTH CAROLINA	IN TH	HE GENERAL COURT OF JUSTICE	
COUNTY OF SUPERIOR COURT DIVISION			RIOR COURT DIVISION	
		FILE I	NO(s):	
STATE OF NO	RTH CAROLINA)	CONSENT SCHEDULING ORDER	
)	AND FINDINGS RE: DISCOVERY	
VS.)	AND PLEA OFFER	
)		
	ndant			
	THIS MATTER being	g schedule	ed for the	Superior Cour
represent to following sch	the court that the part eduling order and findi	ies waive ings regar	olina and the Defendant, by and through a formal administrative hearing and considing the status of discovery and plea negon e signed by the Court out of term, out of the court out out of the court out out of the court out out of the court out out out out out out out out out ou	ent to the otiations; the
The p	parties, by and through	counsel s	stipulate and consent to the following Find	dings of Fact:
() \ () \ 2. That	has not been indicted. this is the	time that	. (A date must be provided this matter has appeared on a Superior C	Court
	ial dates and shall not		ters that have appeared on a Trial Calend another administrative setting absent a s	
	counsel for the defenders this order with the c		dvised the defendant of the contents of the defendant.	this order and
4. That () 1	the State and the Defe that discovery has beer that discovery has beer	ndant by a	and through counsel stipulate and advise	
() t any o	that discovery has not		pleted as of this date. [NOTE: Mark this bent the results of any chemical analysis.]	lock if there is
() ł	nas not extended a ple	er to the	of this date. defendant with an expiration date of (A date must be provided)	
() H	has elected to not mak	e a plea o	ffer in this matter.	

() the defendant in or		his attorney	present freely,	voluntarily and kn	owingly
Or () the Defendant ha GUILTY and the Defend			ved arraignmer	nt and entered ple	a(s) of NOT
[NOTE: Pursuant to A only county in the 24 th County. It must be spe Avery, Mitchell, Yance	Judicial District ecifically noted t	requiring th hat the prov	e calendaring	of arraignment is \	N atauga
Based upon the forego Concludes as a Matter of Law t that this order is entered by an	hat the court has	s jurisdiction	over the partie	es and the subject	matter and
NOW THEREFORE BY A ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DE		ONSENT OF	THE STATE AN	D THE DEFENDAN	r, it is
 That the State shall of absent a showing of goto. () That if the State matter on or beforemust be provided.) () That the defendant rejected the plea offer () That the Defendant NOT GUILTY and the D That this matter be set () Administrative Ca () That this will be the control of the pleased or calendar except upon 	nod cause. (If par intends to extend at in open court we be the separal efendant desires for the separal lendar he last Administrated dishall be continu	with his attorate document a jury trial ative setting ued from triathers.	plicable a date er, the State sl, 20 (If p ney present fre t waived arraig, 20 for this matter al term to trial	e must be provided that extend a plea paragraph is applicately, voluntarily and enterous (A date must be term until the material error erro	d.) offer in this cable a date of knowingly ed plea(s) of e provided) tter is tried.
DATE:		DA	TE:		
ATTORNEY FOR THE STATE		ATT		HE DEFENDANT	***************************************
Accepted and entered by conse					, 20
	Superior Court				-

	Exhibit B
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA	IN THE GENERAL COURT OF JUSTICE
COUNTY OF	SUPERIOR COURT DIVISION
	FILE NO(S)
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA	
VS.	CONSENT ORDER ON PROBATION VIOLATION
	HEARING
Defendant.	
the State of North Carolina and the Defethat the parties waive a formal administration findings; the parties further consent that and out of county. The parties, by and through counsel, 1. That the defendant has been served on for or continued to the 2. () That at least one basis for the that said offense has been charged continued to the parties.	stody outside of the jurisdiction of this Court;
() the next administrative term of() a court date of	has advised the defendant of the contents of this order and

Based upon the foregoing Findings of Fact, the parties stipulate and agree and the Court Concludes as a Matter of Law that the court has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter, that good cause exists for the continuation of the hearing, and that this order is entered by and with the consent of the parties and shall be enforceable by the court.

ADJUDGED AND DECREED THAT THIS MATTER BE SET FOR THE TERM OF COURT. (A date must be provided)			
DATE:	DATE:		
ATTORNEY FOR THE STATE	ATTORNEY FOR	THE DEFENDANT	
Accepted and entered by consent this the	day of	, 20	

Exhibit C STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA IN THE GENERAL COURT OF JUSTICE COUNTY OF _____ SUPERIOR COURT DIVISION FILE NO(S). STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA VS.) CERTIFICATION OF DEFENDANT'S) PRETRIAL CONFINEMENT CREDIT Defendant UPON INVESTIGATION, the undersigned counsel for the above named Defendant, hereby certifies to the Court that the Defendant is entitled to days of credit in the above-captioned matter(s) in accordance with the provisions of N.C.G. S. & 15-196.1 and § 15-196.2. This the day of , 20 . Signature of Attorney for the Defendant

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 15-196.1. Credits allowed (2017)

The minimum and maximum term of a sentence shall be credited with and diminished by the total amount of time a defendant has spent, committed to or in confinement in any State or local correctional, mental or other institution as a result of the charge that culminated in the sentence or the incident from which the charge arose. The credit provided shall be calculated from the date custody under the charge commenced and shall include credit for all time spent in custody pending trial, trial de novo, appeal, retrial, or pending parole, probation, or post-release supervision revocation hearing: Provided, however, the credit available herein shall not include any time that a defendant has spent in custody as a result of a pending charge while serving a sentence imposed for another offense.

Printed Name of Attorney for Defendant

N.C. Gen. Stat. § 15-196.2. Allowance in cases of multiple sentences (2017)

In the event time creditable under this section shall have been spent in custody as the result of more than one pending charge, resulting in imprisonment for more than one offense, credit shall be allowed as herein provided. Consecutive sentences shall be considered as one sentence for the purpose of providing credit, and the creditable time shall not be multiplied by the number of consecutive offenses for which a defendant is imprisoned. Each concurrent sentence shall be credited with so much of the time as was spent in custody due to the offense or incident resulting in the sentence. When both concurrent and consecutive sentences are imposed, both of the above rules shall obtain to the applicable extent.

Upon revocation of two or more consecutive sentences as a result of a probation violation, credit for time served credit for confinements in response to violation under G.S. 15A-1344(d2) shall be credited to only one sentence.

TWENTY-FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

CLARIFICATION OF CONTINUED REPRESENTATION OF COUNSEL

1. REPRESENTATION CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE OR DEFERRAL AGREEMENTS.

When Counsel represents a defendant on a conditional discharge or a deferral agreement, whether court appointed or retained, such representation shall continue through the discharge and dismissal stage where there have not been any probation violation reports filed in the matter.

When Counsel has been appointed to represent a defendant on a conditional discharge or deferral agreement, there shall not be any need for re-appointment of court appointed counsel upon the filing of probation violation reports associated with the defendant's terms of probation under the conditional discharge or deferral agreement. The initial appointment of counsel shall be deemed to continue and include representation on any and all violation reports and addendums associated with the conditional discharge or deferral agreement and any sentencing hearing associated with an adjudication of guilt upon the court's finding of a willful violation of the terms and conditions of the defendant's probation.

In those instances where counsel has been retained, counsel shall be deemed counsel of record upon the filing of any and all probation violation reports associated with the conditional discharge or deferral agreement, unless <u>both</u> of the following exist and occur:

1) There exists a clear and unequivocal agreement between the defendant and counsel to the contrary.

And

2) Counsel at his initial appearance has filed with the court a clearly defined limited appearance, signed by both counsel and the defendant, specifically excluding such representation.

Absent compliance with both conditions, retained counsel's representation shall be deemed to continue and include representation on any and all probation violation reports and addendums associated with the conditional discharge or deferral agreement and any sentencing hearing associated with a adjudication of guilt upon the court's finding of a willful violation of the terms and conditions of the defendant's probation.

2. PROBATION VIOLATIONS

When Counsel has been appointed to represent a defendant on a probation violation such representation shall continue and shall include representation on any and all subsequent addendums filed prior to the probation violation hearing. There shall not be any need for re-appointment of court appointed counsel upon the filing of subsequent addendum violation reports in court appointed cases.

In those instances where counsel has been retained on a probation violation counsel shall be deemed counsel of record upon the filing of any and all subsequent addendums filed prior to the probation violation hearing unless both of the following exist and occur:

1) There exists a clear and unequivocal agreement between the defendant and counsel to the contrary.

<u>And</u>

2) Counsel at his initial appearance has filed with the court a clearly defined limited appearance, signed by both counsel and the defendant, specifically excluding such representation.

Absent compliance with both conditions, retained counsel's representation shall be deemed to include representation on any and all subsequent addendums filed prior to the probation violation hearing.

3. NO ABROGATION OF RIGHTS OF THE DEFENDANT

Should a defendant waive his right to counsel on a conditional discharge or deferral agreement, this initial waiver shall not constitute a waiver of counsel on any probation violations associated with the conditional discharge or deferral agreement.

Should a defendant waive his right to counsel on a probation violation, this initial waiver shall not constitute a waiver of counsel on a subsequent addendum to the probation violation.

Nothing herein shall be construed to abrogate the defendant's right to counsel and specifically his right to retain counsel or his right to represent himself. Further, nothing contained herein shall be construed to abrogate the defendant's right to be personally served with any and all notices, probation violation reports or addendums thereto, nor does it abrogate the State's obligation to personally serve the defendant with copes of any and all notices, violation reports and addendums thereto.

The defendant <u>shall</u> be personally served with any and all notices, probation violation reports and any and all addendums thereto. Copies of the notices, violation reports and addendums thereto which are subject to this administrative order shall be served upon defendant's counsel after the defendant has been personally served.

This the 14th day of March, 2019.

Honorable Ted W. McEntire

Chief District Court Judge

Twenty-fourth Judicial District

Honorable Gary M. Gavenus

Senior Resident Superior Court Judge

Twenty-fourth Judicial District.

Exhibit E

	OF	SUPERIOR COURT DIVISION FILE NO:	
	Plaintiff		
VS.	,	PRETRIAL ORDER	
	Defendants.		
General R	ules of Practice, a final pre-trial	16 of the Rules of Civil Procedure, and Rule 7, conference was held in this cause on the day appeared as counsel for peared as counsel for the defendants.	
1.	It is stipulated that all partic	es are properly before the court, and that the court has	
jurisdiction	n of the parties and of the subjec	t matter.	
2.	It is stipulated that all part	ies have been correctly designated, and there is not a	
question as	s to misjoinder or nonjoinder of	parties.	
3.	In addition to the other stip	pulations contained herein, the parties hereto stipulate	
and agree	with respect to the following und	disputed facts (set out all undisputed facts):	
4.	A. B The following is a list of all	known exhibits the plaintiffs may offer at the trial:	
	A. B.		
5.	 It is stipulated and agreed th	nat opposing counsel has been furnished a copy of each	
exhibit ide	ntified by the plaintiffs.		

It is stipulated and agreed that each of the exhibits identified by the plaintiffs is

6.

genuine and, if relevant and material, may be received in evidence without further identification or proof.

7. The following is a list of all known exhibits the defendant(s) may offer at the trial:

A.

В.....

- 8. It is stipulated and agreed that opposing counsel has been furnished a copy of each exhibit identified by the defendants.
- 9. It is stipulated and agreed that each of the exhibits identified by the defendants is genuine, and, if relevant and material, may be received in evidence without further identification or proof.
- 10. The following is a list of the names and addresses of all known witnesses the plaintiff(s) may offer at the trial:

A.

. . . .

11. The following is a list of the names and addresses of all known witnesses the defendant(s) may offer at the trial:

A.

. . . .

- 12. Counsel shall immediately notify opposing counsel if the names of additional witnesses are discovered after the preparation of this order.
- 13. There are no pending motions, and neither party desires further amendments to the pleadings.
- 14. Additional consideration has been given to a separation of the triable issues, and counsel for the parties are of the opinion that a separation of issues in this particular case would

	15.	The plaintiffs contend that the contest	ted issues to be tried are as follows:
		A.	
	16.	Defendants contend that the contested	d issues to be tried are as follows:
		A.	
	17.	Counsel for the parties represent that	all witnesses are available and the case is in
all resp	ects rea	ady for trial. The probable length of the	e trial is estimated to be() days.
	18.	Counsel for the parties represent to the	ne court that, in advance of the preparation of
this ord	ler, ther	re was a full and frank discussion of se	ttlement possibilities.
	19.	The parties stipulate and agree to a un	nanimous verdict of or more.
		Yes No	
	This th	ne day of	, 20
	Counse	el for Plaintiff	Counsel for Defendant
		Superio	r Court Judge Presiding

not be feasible (or list issues that are agreed upon as not triable).